DIFFERENCES BETWEEN HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

HIGH SCHOOL

COLLEGE

Applicable Laws

- ✓ I.D.E.A (Individuals with Disabilities Educational Act).
- ✓ Section 504 (Rehabilitation Act of 1973).
- ✓ I.D.E.A is about *Success*.

- ✓ A.D.A (Americans with Disabilities Act) of 1990, Title II).
- ✓ Section 504 (Rehabilitation Act of 1973).
- ✓ ADA is about *Access*.

Required Documentation

- ✓ I.E.P (Individual Education Plan) and/or 504 Plan
- ✓ IEP and 504 may not be sufficient. A school psychologist's evaluation/summary with measures used (ie: Woodcock Johnson) and a list of suggested accommodations or modifications. Senior year eval/re-eval is preferred.
- ✓ School provides evaluation at no cost to the student.
- ✓ Documentation focuses on determining whether student is eligible for services based on specific disabilities.
- ✓ The college typically does not diagnose or provide disability/medical evaluation.
- ✓ Documentation must provide information on specific functional limitations and demonstrate the need for specific accommodations.

Self-Advocacy

- ✓ Student is identified by the school and is supported by parents and teachers.
- ✓ Primary responsibility for arranging accommodations belongs to the school.
- ✓ Teachers approach you if they believe you need assistance.
- ✓ Student must self-identify to the Disability Services / Access Services office.
- ✓ Primary responsibility for self-advocacy and arranging accommodations belongs to the student.
- ✓ Professors are usually open and helpful, but most expect you to initiate contact if you need assistance.

Parental Role

- ✓ Parent has access to student's records and can participate in the accommodation process.
- ✓ Parent does not have access to students records without student's written consent

✓ Parent advocates for student.

✓ Student advocates for self.

HIGH SCHOOL

COLLEGE

Instruction

- ✓ Teachers may modify curriculum and/or alter curriculum pace for assignments.
- ✓ You are expected to read short assignments that are then discussed and often re-taught in class.
- ✓ You seldom need to read anything more than once. Sometimes listening in class is enough.
- ✓ Professors are not required to modify design or alter assignment deadlines.
- ✓ You are assigned substantial amounts of reading and writing which may not be directly addressed in class.
- ✓ You need to review class notes, course text(s), and materials regularly.

Grades and Tests

- ✓ IEP or 504 Plan may include modification to test format and/or grading.
- ✓ Grading and test format changes (i.e. multiple choice vs. essay) are generally not available.
- ✓ Accommodations to HOW tests are given (extended time, test proctors) are available when supported by disability documentation.
- ✓ Testing is frequent and covers small amounts of material.
- ✓ Testing is usually infrequent and may be cumulative, covering large amounts of material.
- ✓ Makeup tests are often available.
- ✓ Makeup tests are seldom an option; if they are, you need to request them.
- ✓ Teachers often take time to remind you of assignments and due dates.
- ✓ Professors expect you to read, save, and consult the course syllabus; the syllabus spells out exactly what is expected of you, when it is due, and how you will be graded.

Study Responsibilities

- ✓ Tutoring and study support may be a service provided as part of an IEP or 504 Plan.
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- Your time and assignments are structured by others.
- ✓ You may study out of class as little as 0-2 hours a week and this may be last-minute test preparation.
- ✓ Tutoring is not an accommodation. Students with disabilities must seek out tutoring resources as they are available to students.
- ✓ You manage your own time and complete assignments independently.
- ✓ For every hour **IN** class, you must study 2 hours **OUT** of class. This may be more in some courses (math, science, foreign language, etc.)